

Operating Instructions for Aluminium Gearwheel Flow Meter

Model: KZA



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2. Note

Please read these operating instructions before unpacking and putting the unit into operation. Follow the instructions precisely as described herein.

The instruction manuals on our website www.kobold.com are always for currently manufactured version of our products. Due to technical changes, the instruction manuals available online may not always correspond to the product version you have purchased. If you need an instruction manual that corresponds to the purchased product version, you can request it from us free of charge by email (info.de@kobold.com) in PDF format, specifying the relevant invoice number and serial number. If you wish, the operating instructions can also be sent to you by post in paper form against an applicable postage fee.

The devices are only to be used, maintained and serviced by persons familiar with these operating instructions and in accordance with local regulations applying to Health & Safety and prevention of accidents.

When used in machines, the measuring unit should be used only when the machines fulfil the EC-machine guidelines.

as per PED 2014/68/EU

In acc. with Article 4 Paragraph (3), "Sound Engineering Practice", of the PED 2014/68/EU no CE mark.

Diagram 8, Pipe, Group 1 dangerous fluids

3. Instrument Inspection

All Instruments are inspected before shipping and sent out in perfect condition. Should damage to a device be visible, we recommend a thorough inspection of the delivery packaging. In case of damage, please inform your parcel service / forwarding agent immediately, since they are responsible for damages during transit.

Scope of delivery:

The standard delivery includes:

Aluminium Gearwheel Flow Meter Model: KZA

4. Regulation Use

Any use of the Gearwheel Flow Meter, model: KZA, which exceeds the manufacturer's specification, may invalidate its warranty. Therefore, any resulting damage is not the responsibility of the manufacturer. The user assumes all risk for such usage.

5. Operating Principle

The KOBOLD Gearwheel Flow Meter, model: KZA, for viscous liquids, is a cost-effective flow-measuring unit. The unit consists of a pair of gearwheels, which is driven by the flow-current, according to the working principle of a gear-wheel motor. The gearwheel unit contains bearings which in case of model KZA-1810 and KZA-1865, are radial and axial sliding-contact bearings. The model KZA-1816 uses ball-bearings.

A pick-up sensor, separated from the measuring-chamber, reads the speed of gearwheels through the casing wall in a non-contacting manner.

Simple maintenance, minimal pressure-loss, light weight and low noise pressure level are the hallmarks of these flow meters.

6. Mechanical Connection



Attention! When fitting and transporting the flow meter, make sure that it is secured only by the housing and not by the plug on top.

Before delivery the gear wheel flow meter was tested in the factory and is ready to use as soon as it has been fitted and the electrical leads are connected. The space required for the fitted unit is given in the section 15 Dimensions. Safe access to the built in measuring unit for visual inspection should be provided at all times, as well while the unit is in operation.



Attention! Only piping and connectors that are permitted for the anticipated pressure range may be used. The manufacturers specifications must be considered.

- Before mounting the flow meter, thoroughly clean the piping system.
- Connect the piping to the inlet and outlet of the measuring unit, observing the manufacturer's instructions.
- When installing, ensure that no sealant enters the pipes.



Attention! The Gearwheel Flow Meter must not be tensioned during installation.

• After starting up the plant, check all connections for leakage.

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7. Electrical Connection



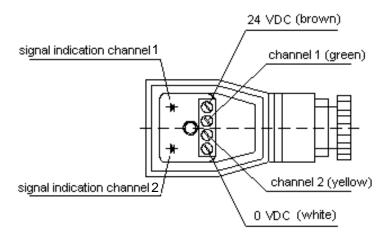
Attention! Make sure that the voltage values of your system correspond with the voltage values of the measuring unit.

- Make sure that the supply wires are de-energized.
- Plug in the system according to the connecting diagrams. For the power supply of the pre-amplifier, a 24V (DC)-supply cable (± 20%) must be provided.



Note! The connector may be removed from the housing cover to facilitate connector wiring. Remember to replace it afterwards.

The allocation of the terminals for channels 1 and 2 has an effect on the direction of rotation shown for the gear wheels and therefore on the sign (+ or -) with which the measured volume is displayed on the evaluating electronic.





Note! Channel 2 for KZA-1816 only.



Attention! Once mounting is completed the securing screw and the cable gland must be tightened. Tighten the securing screw lightly.

8. Commissioning



Attention! The gear wheel flow meter must only be operated within the permitted limits, which are given in section 10 Technical Information. Ensure that the medium to be measured does not attack the materials of the gear wheel flow meter (see 10 Technical Information). The medium must not contain any abrasive particles. In case of doubt, consult the manufacturer.

The gear wheel flow meter has been factory-tested before delivery. It is ready to use as soon as it has been mounted and the electrical leads are connected. When it is in use the two LED-displays in the connector light up to indicate a continuous flow of fluid through the measuring unit.

8.1. Permitted Operating Limits



Attention! The pressure drop Δp across the meter must not exceed 16 bar, otherwise the mechanism could be damaged.

The ambient conditions must comply with the limits given in the technical specifications.

9. Maintenance

Flow meters are basically maintenance-free. However, if the liquids conveyed could leave deposits in the measuring unit, it may become necessary to clean it (see below). Otherwise, the unit can be cleaned with the rest of the plant at the usual times.

Attention! When using media that harden, clean the gear wheel flow meter with a suitable cleaning agent as promptly as possible.

Check at regular intervals that the fastening screws are firmly seated and tighten them if necessary (observe the correct tightening torque, which is given in the section 9.1 Removing the Flow Meter).

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Attention! Whenever work is done on the gear wheel flow meter and before removing it, ensure that the piping is not under pressure.

9.1. Removing the Flow Meter



Attention! Ensure that the pipes are depressurised and the electrical connection is de-energized. The equipment and piping might still contain the conveyed medium or a cleaning agent. All regulations concerning this medium must be complied with. Sufficiently large collecting containers should be placed in readiness.

- Release the securing screw on the plug.
- Remove the plug from the housing.
- Plate connection: Remove the screws fastening the flow meter to the plate.
- Pipe connection: Remove the pipe connections from the housing and if necessary, remove the housing from the holding device.



Attention! When using media that harden, clean the gear wheel flow meter with a suitable cleaning agent as promptly as possible.

10. Technical Information

Accuracy: see Order details

Repeatability: ±0.1% of measured value (KZA-1865)

< 0.3 % (KZA-1865)

(Q < 3 L/min and < 30 mm2/s) < 0.1% (at 20 mm2/s; KZA-1816)

< 0.170 (at 20 Hilli2/3, NZA-

Pressure: 200 bar (KZA-1804)

160 bar (KZA-1810...1865)

80 bar (KZA-1899)

Temperature range: -10...+80°C (Medium)
Viscosity range: see Order details

Max. particle size: 20 μm (KZA-1804/1816/1899)

30 µm (KZA-1810/1865)

Materials

Housing: Aluminium, anodized AIMgSiF30

(KZA 1810/1865)

Aluminium AIMgSiF30 (KZA-1804/1816/1899)

Gears: Steel 1.7139 (KZA-1816/1865/1899)

Stainless steel 1.4462 (KZA-1804/1810)

Bearing: Plastic gliding bearing (KZA-1810)

Multi - layer gliding bearing (KZA-1865)

Ball bearing (KZA-1804/1816/1899)

Seals: FPM

Output Signal: 1 Pulse output (KZA-1804/1810/1866/1899)

2 Pulse outputs, 90 ° ±30° disalignment (KZA-1816)

Pulse form: Square pulse, Ratio 1 : 1 (±15%),

short-circuit-proof, signal PNP

Pulse amplitude: $\geq 0.8 \text{ U}_{\text{S}}$

Power Supply: $24 V_{DC} (\pm 20\%)$

12 V_{DC} (±20%) option reverse polarity protection

Max. Power consumption: 0.6 W Max. Power output: 0.3 W

Electr. Connection: Connector plug DIN 43650 with

mating plug incl. pre-amplifier

Protection: IP 65, DIN 40050 Weight: KZA-1804: 0,5 kg

KZA-1810: 0.5 kg KZA-1816: 0.7 kg KZA-1865: 1.9 kg KZA-1899: 6 kg

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11. Order Codes

Example KZA-1810R10S30

Measuring range L/min	Viscosity mm²/s	Accuracy % of meas. value	Resolution pulses/L	Model	Connection female	Sensor	Electronic*
0.024	204000	± 2	25000	KZA-1804R10	G 1/4	S 3 = 24 V _{DC} S 5 = 12 V _{DC}	0 = standard mating plug without cable
0.2510	204000	± 3	5000	KZA-1810R10	G 3/8		1 = mating plug with 5 m cable 2 = mating plug
0.1616	13000	± 0.3	4082	KZA-1816R10	G 3/8		with 10 m cable 3 = plug-on display with 0(4)20 mA
165	204000	± 2.5	500	KZA-1865R20	G 3/4		output and mating plug 4 = plug-on
1200	204000	±1	191,5	KZA-1899R25	G 1		display with 2 X relay contact and mating plug

^{*} Pre-amplifier integrated in mating plug or plug-on display

12. Cleaning



Attention! Ensure that the pipes are depressurised and the electrical connection is de-energised. The equipment and piping might still contain the conveyed medium or a cleaning agent. All regulations concerning this medium must be complied with. Sufficiently large collecting containers should be placed in readiness.

- Remove the Gearwheel Flow Meter (see section 9.1 Removing the Flow Meter).
- Drain the measuring unit.
- Loosen the fastening screws that hold the two halves of the housing together. The (4 or 8) hexagon socket screws are accessible from below the housing.



Attention! When removing the upper section of the volume counter, do not use screwdrivers or similar tools as levers. Pliers must not be used to remove the gear wheels from the housing.

• Clean the interior of the housing, the gear wheels and the bearings with a suitable cleaning agent.



Note! If mechanical damage is found in the interior of the housing or on the gear wheels the complete unit must be returned to the manufacturer for repair.

- Insert both gear wheels and their bearings in the lower section of the housing.
- Lay the O ring in the groove of the housing.
- Place the upper section of the housing on top of the lower section (use locating pins).
- Tighten all the screws that hold the housing together, going across from one to the other, using the correct torque (see below).



Attention! All parts must be free of contamination. Ensure that no foreign matter remains inside the Gearwheel Flow Meter after mounting.

Tightening torque for securing the housing

Measuring range code	005	009	011	013
Tightening torque Nm	40	65	145	145

 Remount the housing in the plant as described in section "Mechanical Connection".

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13. Recognising and Correcting Faults

If the Gearwheel Flow Meter is not operating perfectly, first check the electrical components while the unit is operating.



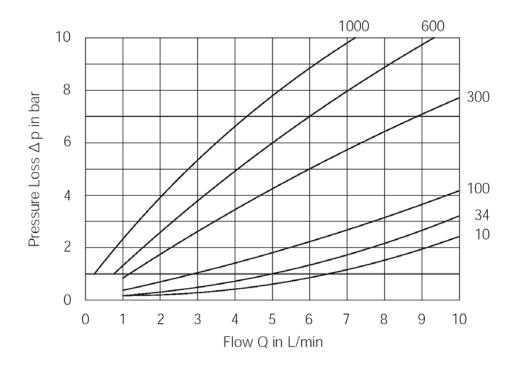
Attention! This work may only be done by a qualified technician.

Troubleshooting Chart

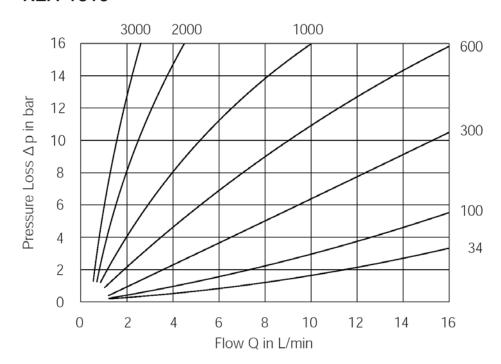
Fault	Possible cause	Remedy
LED's on the gear wheel flow meter are lit but the values displayed are wrong	Faulty connection between the gear wheel flow meter and the analysing unit	Check the connection and replace the cable or connector if necessary
One LED is dark during operation (only KZA-1816)	Damaged wiring between sensor and circuit board, or individual soldered points on the board	Renew the defective cable or soldering
	The corresponding sensor is defective	Send the meter to the manufacturer for repair
Both LED's are dark during operation	Faulty preamplifier	Check preamplifier and replace if necessary
(only KZA-1816)	Power supply failure	Check supply cable and fuses
	Since both sensors are unlikely to fail at once, it can be assumed that the measuring unit has stopped	Switch the gear wheel flow meter off immediately!
Leakage, escaping medium	Faulty O ring in housing	Send units to the manufacturer for repair and consultation.
	Faulty O ring between gear wheel flow meter and connecting plate	Check seal for compatibility, fit new O rings

14. Pressure Loss Diagram

KZA-1810

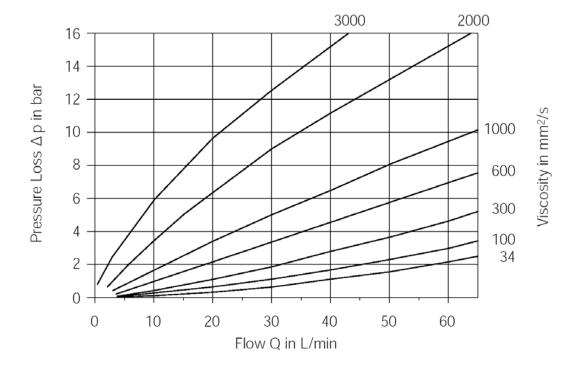


KZA-1816

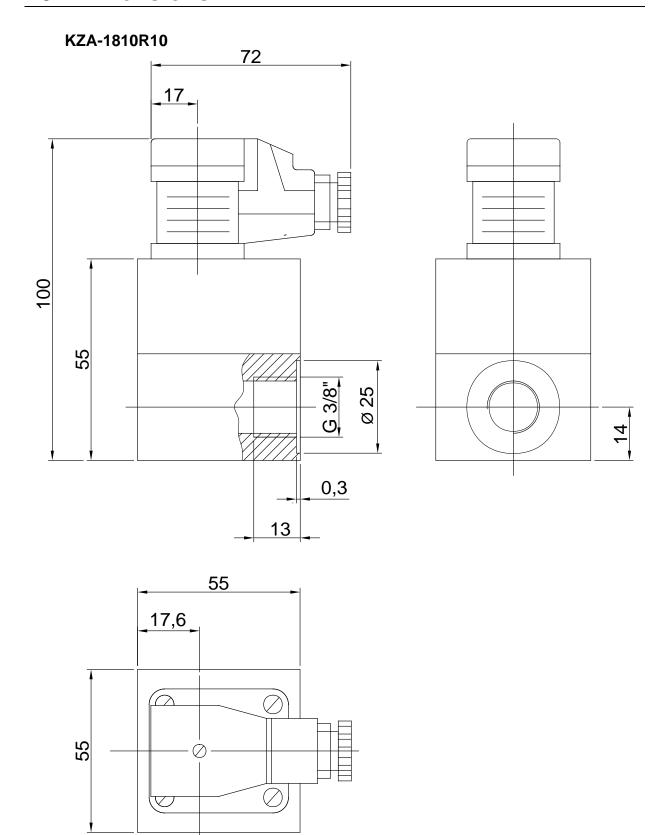


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KZA-1865

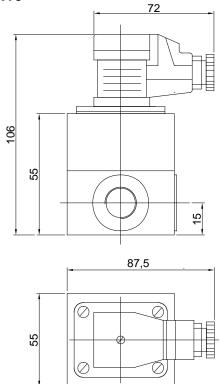


15. Dimensions

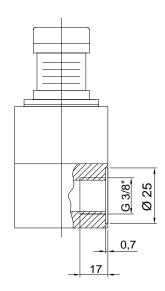


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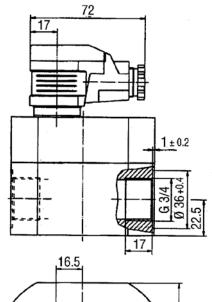
KZA-1816R10

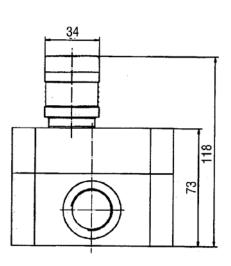


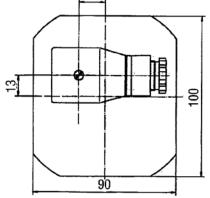
65



KZA-1865R20







16. EU Declaration of Conformance

We, KOBOLD Messring GmbH, Hofheim-Ts, Germany, declare under our sole responsibility that the product:

Aluminium Gearwheel Flow Meter Model: KZA

to which this declaration relates is in conformity with the standards noted below:

EN 55011:2016 Industrial, scientific and medical equipment - Radio-frequency disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement

EN 61000-4-2 :2009 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-2: Testing and measurement techniques - Electrostatic discharge immunity test

EN 61000-4-3 :2006+A1 :2008+A2 :2010 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-3: Testing and measurement techniques - Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test

EN 61000-4-4 :2012 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-4:Testing and measurement techniques - Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test

EN 61000-4-5 :2014 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques - Surge immunity test

EN 61000-4-6 :2014 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-6: Testing and measurement techniques - Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields

EN 61000-4-8 :2010 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-8: Testing and measurement techniques - Power frequency magnetic field immunity test

EN 61000-6-2 :2005 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-2: Generic standards - Immunity for industrial environments

EN 61000-6-4 :2007+A1 :2011 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-4: Generic standards - Emission standard for industrial environments

Also the following EC guidelines are fulfilled:

2014/30/EU EMC Directive **2011/65/EU** RoHS (category)

Hofheim, 16 April 2018

H. Peters General Manager M. Wenzel Proxy Holder

Rober por Neller

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EU Declaration of Conformance

We, KOBOLD Messring GmbH, Hofheim-Ts, Germany, declare under our sole responsibility that the product:

Microcontroller Model: SD1

to which this declaration relates is in conformity with the standards noted below:

EN 55022:2010 Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement

EN 61000-4-2 :2009 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-2: Testing and measurement techniques - Electrostatic discharge immunity test

EN 61000-4-3 :2006+A1 :2008+A2 :2010 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-3: Testing and measurement techniques - Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test

EN 61000-4-4 :2012 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-4: Testing and measurement techniques - Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test

EN 61000-4-6 :2014 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-6: Testing and measurement techniques - Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields

EN 61000-4-1 :2007 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-1: Testing and measurement techniques - Overview of IEC 61000-4 series

Also, the following EC guidelines are fulfilled:

2014/30/EU EMC Directive **2011/65/EU** RoHS (category 9)

Hofheim, 15 Oct. 2019

H. Peters General Manager M. Wenzel Proxy Holder

Melle pa. Wellen

Appendix: SD1 Operating instructions

S D 1 Operating Instructions



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1. Safety



The safety notes included in these operating instructions are indicated by this 'attention-getter' symbol.

If the text accompanying this symbol is not heeded, danger to personnel or equipment may result.



Other instructions, which are not safety warnings, but which give advice on optimum operation, are indicated by a hand.

General safety instructions

The electronic SD1 is constructed to the latest standards in technology. The SD1 should be operated only

- in technically sound condition,
- as instructed,
- with awareness of the safety precautions, following these operating instructions.

The SD1 must only be operated as an item of equipment installed in an internal area.

The SD1 must only be operated in the prescribed condition.

The stated limiting values (see also section on "Technical Data") must, under no circumstances, be exceeded.

Personnel engaged in the installation, operation and maintenance of the SD1 must be appropriately qualified. This qualification can be obtained by appropriate training or instruction. Such personnel must be familiar with the contents of these operating instructions.



During all operations the relevant national regulations relating to safety precautions in the work place and where applicable, internal regulations of the operator must be observed, even if these are not detailed in these operating instructions.



The SD1 must not be operated in hazardous areas, nor in areas where medical apparatus is in use, nor in areas which are expressly named in VDE 0411 Part 100.



If the SD1 is used for the control of machines or sequential processes where damage to the machine or accident to operating personnel is possible as a consequence of failure or faulty operation of the SD1, then appropriate safety precautions must be implemented.



In the case of variations (including those relating to operating behaviour), which prejudice safety, the SD1 must be switched off immediately.



During installation work on the SD1, the power supply must always be disconnected. Installation work must only be carried out by appropriately qualified personnel.

2. Description

The plug-in display unit SD 1 may be used with any KOBOLD volume counter which uses a plug-in connection according to DIN 43650.

The display unit is simply inserted between the plug and the plug socket on the volume counter. The displayed value will be the actual flow rate. The square wave signals remains available for external processing.

Volume counters already supplied can be equipped with the plug-in display unit. To achieve this the amplifier card must be removed from the plug socket.

The plug-in display unit is freely programmable. All necessary settings can be achieved with two keys. The programmed data is stored on an EEPROM and therefore saved in case of power failure.

As an option the plug-in display is available with an analogue output (0-20 mA, 4-20 mA) proportional to flow rate. The square wave signal is then not applicable.

The plug-in display unit works with 24 VDC or 12 VAC.

Due to it's characteristics, possibilities and low costs this instrument will be your first choice especially for measuring of flow and volume.

Manufacturers address:

KOBOLD Messring GmbH Nordring 22 - 24 65719 Hofheim

Tel. 06192 / 299-0 Fax 06192 / 23398

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3. Connecting the SD1

This section deals with the layout of the connections on the SD1. The electrical connection has to be made by a plug-in connection acc. to DIN 43650.

3.1 Connecting the voltage supply

The SD1 is operated with an voltage of 24 VDC or 12 VDC. The adjustment is achieved by means of solder jumpers.

The connections are made as follows:

Terminal 1	+24 VDC	(brown)
Terminal 2	GND	(white)

3.2 Connecting SD1 with rectangular output.

The SD 1 is available in three versions:

- SD1 R with two rectangular signals with a pulse offset of 90°.
- SD1 I with analog output (0-20 mA/4-20 mA)
- SD1 K with relay contact

Connections are different in each version.

Option with rectangular output:

Connection of rectangular output has to be made on clamps.

Terminal 3	Channel 1	(green)
Terminal	Channel 2	(yellow)

If the SD1 works with a volume counter, which has 2 sensors, it is a 2-channel version. The square wave pulses are displaced from one another by 90°. It is therefore possible to detect the direction. This is referred to as a two channel layout. If the SD 1 works with a volume counter, which has only 1 sensor, it is a 1-channel version. Connection on clamp (____(channel 2) is not necessary.



Single channel or two channel connection must be set on the SD1. The settings required are made under menu reference "08" at the "counter input" position (see 4.1 overview of the input values).

3.3 Connecting the SD1 with analog output

The SD1 is available in 3 versions

- SD1-R with two rectangular signals with a pulse offset of 90°,

- **SD1-I** with analog output (0-20 mA/4-20 mA),

- SD1-K with relay contact.

Connections are different in every serial-model modification.

Option with analog output (0-20mA/4-20 mA):

Connection of analog output has to be made on clamps.

Terminal 3	Analog Output (+)	(green)
Terminal 2	GND	(white)



In accordance with the software, the settings 0-20 mA and 4-20 mA are available for signal selection. The selection is carried out by programming the SD1 under menu reference "8" at the "Analogue output" position. The functions are set using "0" or "1" (see 4.1 Overview of the input values).

How does the analogue output function?

The function of the analogue output can be freely selected, i.e. it can be assigned to the measurement parameters of flow rate or volume.



For adjusting volume-/flow measurement please see chapter **3.5 and 3.6**.

A maximum value can be programmed for the analogue output. The maximum value corresponds to an output of 20 mA.



The details of programming the maximum value are given in section 4.6 What must be programmed when connecting the analogue output?

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3.4 Connecting the SD1 with relay contacts.

The SD1 is available in 3 models:

- SD1-R with two rectangular signals with a pulse offset of 90°,
- SD1-I with analog output (0-20 mA/4-20 mA),
- **SD1-K** with relay contact.

Connections are different in every serial-model modification.

Option with relay contact:

The SD1 has two relay contacts. The relay contacts are connected to the supply potential. That means the contacts switch the supply voltage to external processing. Connection has to be made on clamps.



The relays are provided with normally-open contacts. The switching voltage is 30 V, maximum switching current is 1A.

Connection of relay contact has to be made on clamps.

Terminal 3	Relay 1	(green)
Terminal	Relay 2	(yellow)

How do the relays operate?

The function of the relays can be set as required, i.e. each relay can be allocated to the flow rate or volume measurement parameters.

An on and an off switching value can be programmed for each relay. The relay switches when the switch-on value is exceeded. When the switch-off value is undershot, the relay drops out again. The relays can be programmed as normally-open or normally-closed.



The programming of the switch-on and switch-off values is given in section 4.5 What must be programmed when connecting the relay outputs?

Wird das SD1 in der Betriebsart Volumenmessung betrieben, entfällt das Relais 2.



For adjusting volume and flow measurement please see chapter **3.5 and 3.6**.

3.5 How is the flow rate measurement activated?



The SD1 can be switched to flow measurement or volume measurement. This will be made by programming SD1 under menu "7" at step "display". The flow rate will be adjusted by "0" and the volume by "1". (see 4.1 for overview of input values).

As soon as a medium flows through the volume counter a flow rate indication appears. No special action is required. The instantaneous flow rate is indicated, as a rule in litres per minute.



The SD1 must be adjusted to the actual volume counter that is connected. The procedure is given in section 4.2 What must be programmed when connecting a volume counter?

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3.6 How is the volume measurement activated?



The SD1 can be switched to flow measurement or volume measurement. This will be made by programming SD1 under menu "7" at step "display". The flow rate will be adjusted by "0" and the volume by "1". (see 4.1 for overview of input values).

By volumetric measurement is implied the summation of the amount of a medium which has flowed through a volume counter. As a rule the indication is in litres.



When the limiting frequency has been passed and a release signal has been given a summation will be made. To programm limiting frequency under menu "10" you have to take the volume counter's impulse frequency in hertz (Hz). Usually the limiting frequency has to be set to 0.000.

Connection of release signal output has to be made on clamps:

Terminal	summation enable	(yellow)
----------	------------------	----------



If there is a voltage of 24 V at the enable input, summation of the volume commences. The measured values on the display change.

If there is a voltage of 0 V at the enable input, summation of the volume is stopped. The measured values on the display do not change.

When the voltage at the enable input is changed from 0 V to 24 V the summation is reset to zero. The determination of the volume starts again.

3.7 Error display

On two channel volume counters it is possible to monitor the correct pulse sequence on the channels. Faulty pulses are not counted and thus do not change the volume measurement.

If an error is established by the SD1, the character sequence "FAUL" appears in the display.



The error display can also be completely isolated. This is carried out under the menu reference "08" at the "counter input" position. The error display is enabled with a "0" and blocked with a "1" (see 4.1 Overview of the input values).

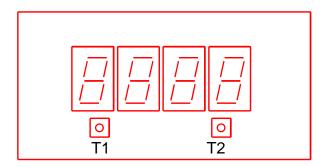
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4. SD1 programming

Each time the SD1 is to be operated, it is necessary to adapt the unit to the volume counter that is connected.

Input procedure:

The input procedure is the same for all input values and is therefore described once only. Programming is carried out by means of two keys which are accessible on removing the front cover. The positions of these two keys is shown below.



Start input operation

"T1" is depressed for approx. two seconds to start the input operation.

The first two segments are switched dark, segments three and four display the menu reference number "00". Release "T1".

Change menu reference

By briefly pressing "T1" the menu reference numbers "00" to "10" can be displayed in sequence.

An input value is concealed behind each menu reference number.

To display the input value, press "T2" briefly. A four digit input value appears.

Change input value

The point marks the digit which can be changed by actuating "T2".

The point can be moved by actuating "T1".

After setting the numerical values the point must be placed at the correct position. On actuating "T1" and "T2", the display reverts to the menu-reference level. The menu reference "00" is displayed again.

Stop input value

To exit the input operation, depress "T1" and "T2". again for approx. four seconds.

4.1 Overview of the input values

The values which are required to be set can be inserted in the column labelled "Input value-User".

Menu –	Input value -	Standard	Function	Unit
Reference	User	setting		
00		0.040	Pulse volume of volume counter	ml
01		3.500	Maximum value Analogue output	l/m
02		0.400	Damping Digital filter or gate time	1
			in seconds	
03		9999.	Pull-in" value Relay 1	l/m
04		9999.	"Drop-out" value Relay 1	I/m
05		9999.	Pull-in" value Relay 2	l/m
06		9999.	"Drop-out" value Relay 2	I/m
07		0000		
			Time base: 0 = Minute	
			1 = Alternative	
			time base	
		l I I └──→	Alternativ time base: 0 = Second	
			1 = Hour	
			Display: 0 = Flow rate	
			1 = Volume	
		L	Measurement: 0 = Gate time	
			1 = Period	
			measurement	
08		0000	modearement	
			Counter input : 0 = 2 channel	
			1 = 1 channel	
			Display: 0 = Normal	
			1 = 180° Rotation	
			Analog/Relay:: 0 = Analogue output	
		1 = Relays		
		L,	Analogue output 0 = 0-20mA	
		ĺ	1 = 4-20 mA	
00		1.000		Ka/l
09			Density	Kg/l
10		0.000	Limiting frequency	Hz

If the on and off values for the relays are set at 9999. , then the relays are isolated.

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4.2 What must be programmed when connecting a volume counter?

The SD1 is set-up for the connected volume counter. This is carried out under menu reference "00 - pulse volume counter", menu reference "09 - density", and under menu reference "08" at the position "counter input".

The pulse volumes for KOBOLD Volume counters can be obtained from the Table. The "X" characters in the "Input value Menu reference 08" column are of no significance in setting the volume counter.

Designation	Material	Input value Menu reference 00	Input va Menu	alue reference 08	
VC 0,025	Sp. Gr. Iron*	0,025 cm ³	XXX0	2 channel	
VC 0,04	Sp. Gr. Iron	0,040 cm ³	XXX0	2 channel	
VC 0,2	Sp. Gr. Iron	0,245 cm ³	XXX0	2 channel	
VC 0,4	Sp. Gr. Iron	0,400 cm ³	XXX0	2 channel	
VC 1	Sp. Gr. Iron	1,036 cm ³	XXX0	2 channel	
VC 3	Sp. Gr. Iron	3,000 cm ³	XXX0	2 channel	
VC 5	Sp. Gr. Iron	5,222 cm ³	XXX0	2 channel	
VC 10	Sp. Gr. Iron	10,48 cm ³	XXX0	2 channel	
VCA 0,2	Aluminium	0,200 cm ³	XXX1	1 channel	
VC 0,2 AL	Aluminium	0,245 cm ³	XXX0	2 channel	
VCA 2	Aluminium	2,000 cm ³	XXX1	1 channel	
VC 0,2 .JR	High grd. St.*	0,200 cm ³	XXX0	2 channel	
VC 1 .JR	High grd. St.*	1,000 cm ³	XXX0	2 channel	
VC 5 .JR	High grd. St.*	5,000 cm ³	XXX0	2 channel	
VCL 0,1 PA(B)	High grd. St.*	0,100 cm ³	XXX0	2 channel	
VCL 0,1 PG	High grd. St.*	0,100 cm ³	XXX1	1 channel	

^{*} Sp. Gr. Iron = Spheroidal graphite iron

Example:

A VC0.04 volume counter is connected. The pulse volume is 0.040 cm³. The VC 0.04 Volume counter has a 2 channel layout.

- The value 0.040 is entered under menu reference "00".
- A "0" is entered under menu reference "08" at the position designated "counter input".

Additionally a density factor can be adjusted to indicate the mass. Density of medium will be adjusted under menu "**09 – density factor**".

For volumetric measurement density factor has to be adjusted to "1.000".

^{*} High grd. St. = High grade steel

4.3 How to change time on flow display?

You can choose between second, minute and hour to change time on flow display by adjusting menu **07**.

Setting the time base:

Time base	Input value
	Menu reference 07

Minutes	XX00
Minutes	XX10
Seconds	XX01
Hours	XX11

The "X" characters in the "Input value Menu reference 07" column are of no significance in setting the time base.

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4.4 How to find out the flow rate?

The SD1 commands two measuring systems to determine the flow:

- duration of period or measurement of pulse width and
- gate time.



You can choose between "gate time measurement" or "duration of period measurement" under menu **07**.

Duration of period:

With the measurement of the period duration the time between two pulses is measured and is processed with the pulse volume to the flow.



Input signals smaller than 1 Hz are not processed.

The measurement of period duration enables very fast measuring. If the flow values fluctuate greatly the digital damping filter makes a smoothing and thereby a calming of the flow indicating unit possible.

A digital filter can be activated under the menu reference "02". The higher the input value the greater the filter effect.

Programmed value 0000: no filter effect

Programmed value 9999: maximum filter effect

Gate time measurement:

With the gating time measurement the pulses within a programmed gating time are counted and processed with the pulse volume to the flow.

Gate time can be adjusted under menu **02**. Adjustable minimum gate time is 0.1 second.

4.5 What must be programmed when connecting the relay outputs?

Relay function can be adjusted only if the instrument was ordered with option relay contacts (SD1-K.). The relays can be allocated to flow rate or volume measurement.

Flow rate measurement

A "0" is inserted under the menu reference "07". This takes place at the position designated "Display" (see 4.1 Overview of the input values).

Volumetric measurement

A "1" is inserted under the menu reference "07". This takes place at the position designated "Display" (see 4.1 Overview of the input values).

Switch functions

For Relay 1, programming takes place under the menu references "03" and "04", for Relay 2 under the menu references "05" and "06" (see 4.1 Overview of the input values).

The following switch functions can be obtained::

Normally-open function

On reaching the switch-on value the contact is closed. **Example:** Switch-on value (pull-in): 2,500

Switch-off value (drop-out): 9999

The relay contact is switched when the switch-on value is exceeded. The switch-off value of **9999** has the consequence, that only the switch-on value is evaluated. The relay is not disconnected when the switch-off value is reached.

Normally-closed function

On reaching the switch-off value the contact is opened.

Example: Switch-on value: 0.000

Switch-off value: 3,000

The relay contact is switched so long as the switch-off value is not reached. The switch-on value of **0.000** has the consequence, that only the switch-off value is evaluated. The relay is not switched-off if the switch-on value is reached.

Window function

Example: Switch-on value: 2,500

Switch-off value: 3,000

Hystresis switch

The relay contact is switched when the switch-on value is reached. If the switch-off value is exceeded, the relay opens again.

Example: Switch-on value: 4.000

Switch-off value: 3.000

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4.6 What must be programmed when connecting the analogue output?

The analog output can be used only if the instrument was ordered with analog output (SD1-I...).

The analogue output can be assigned to flow rate or volume measurement.

Flow rate measurement

A "0" is inserted under the menu reference "07". This takes place at the position designated "Display" (see 4.1 Overview of the input values).

Volumetric measurement

A "1" is inserted under the menu reference "07". This takes place at the position designated "Display" (see 4.1 Overview of the input values).

Signal selection

Menu reference 08	Analogue output
0XXX	0 - 20 mA
1XXX	4 - 20 mA

The digits identified with an "X" in the Menu reference "08" column are of no significance to the setting procedure.

The maximum value is entered under the menu reference "01", maximum analogue output, corresponding to an output of 10 V or 20 mA.

Example:

Maximum analogue output value: 3,500 [Litres / minute]

The flow rate is 3,500 Litres/minute, so 20 mA are output. If the flow rate is 0,000 Litres/minute, then 0 mA is output.

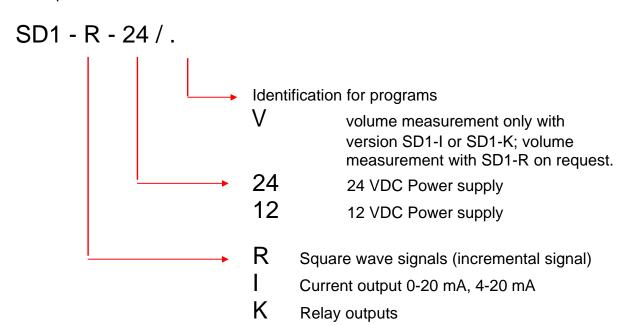
5. Technical Data

Processor	PIC 17C42
Power pack	
Supply	18 VDC – 28 VDC optional 10 – 19 VDC
Maximum input current	ca. 120 mA
General data	
Display	Principle: 7 Segment LED, 7,62 mm, red
	Display :0.000 9999 with floating point
	overrun (>9999) : display 9999
Control keys	Two keys behind the front cover
Housing material	Aluminium
Dimension	Height (without plug) approx. 35mm, width approx. 60mm, depth
	approx. 60 mm
Protection class (DIN 40050)	IP 65
Weight	ca. 0,12 Kg
Connections	Angled connector DIN 43650 (4-pins) polarized
Analogue outputs (Option)	Current output
	0 - 20 mA, 4 - 20 mA / load <= 250 Ohm, 18-28 VDC power supply
	load <= 50 Ohm bei 10 VDC power supply Resolution 10 bit, short-circuit proof
Pulse output	Incremental signal
r dise odiput	moremental signal
Pulse amplitude	Approx. 0.8 x supply voltage, load dependent
Pulse shape with symm. Output	Square wave, pulse duty factor/channel 1:1, +/-15%
signal	
Pulse offset between two	90°, +/- 30 °
channels	
Output power/channel	max. 0,3 W short-circuit-proof
Relay contacts	each 1 N.O., 24 Volt / 1 A, typ. operating time 6 ms
Ambient conditions	
	0.045 + 00.90
Operating temperature	0 C to + 60 °C -25 °C to +85 °C
Storage temperature	-20 C t0 +00 C

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6. Type code

Example:



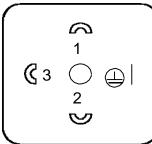
7. Connections

The electrical connections are made by a plug-connection DIN 43650

(3 2

Connections Version SD1-R-24

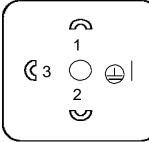
PIN 1 = UB+ PIN 2 = GND PIN 3 = Channel 1 PIN (= Channel 2



Connections Version SD1-I-24

= UB+ PIN 1 PIN 2 = GND

PIN 3 = Analogue output 0/4-20 mA PIN = Enable summati-

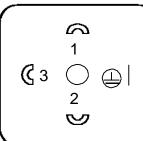


Connections Version SD1-I-24 / V

PIN 1 = UB+ PIN 2 = GND

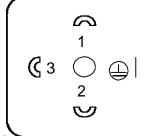
PIN 3 = Analogue output 0/4-20 mA

= Enable summation PIN (1)



Connections Version SD1-K-24

= UB+ PIN 1 = GND PIN 2 PIN 3 = Relay 1 PIN (= Relay 2



Connections Version SD1-K-24 / V

PIN 1 = UB+ PIN 2 = GND PIN 3 = Relay 1

= Enable summation PIN (1)